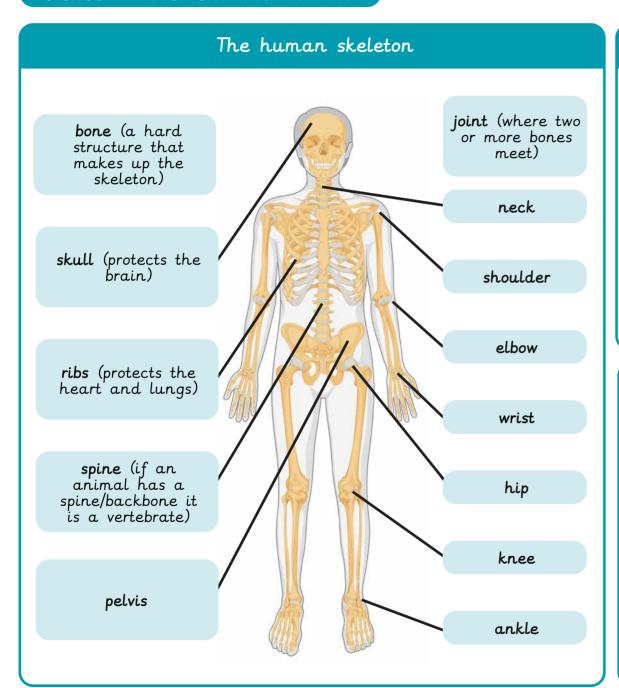
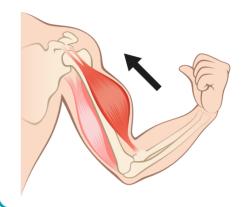
Science - Movement and nutrition





Muscles attach to bones to cause a movement.

A muscle can shorten to pull on the bone.



Another muscle will need to pull in the opposite direction to change the position.



Vertebrate is an animal with a backbone.

An **endoskeleton** is a skeleton on the inside of the body.



Invertebrate is an animal without a backbone.

An
invertebrate
may have an
exoskeleton
(a skeleton on
the outside of
the body)...

...or no skeleton at all.

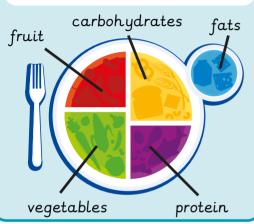




Science - Movement and nutrition



There are seven **nutrient** groups that are essential for survival. Eating all of these in the right amounts gives us a **balanced** diet.



Carbohydrates



Carbohydrates give energy.

Protein



Protein is needed for growth and repair.

Minerals

Fats and oils



Fats and oils are needed as an energy store to keep bodies warm and protect organs.

Fibre



Fibre keeps food moving through the digestive system.

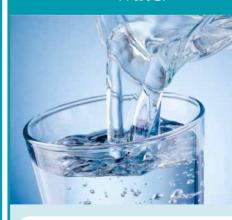
Vitamins



Vitamins are important for health and helping the body to work, for example, vitamin A is needed for healthy eyes.

Minerals are important for health and helping the body to work, for example, calcium is needed for healthy teeth and bones.

Water



Water helps the body to work, transport nutrients and remove waste.