

Name:

Date:

## KS2 Quiz

Unit title: What can the census tell us about local areas?

### 1 What sources can you use to find out about your local area's history?

- A Censuses, maps, records of births, marriages and deaths and factory records.
- B Censuses, social media, television programmes and discussions with children.
- C Maps, fiction books set in the local area and discussions with local business.
- D Diary extracts and artists' impressions of the local area in the future.

### 2 What does the census do?

- A It counts the number of animals in a zoo.
- B It counts how many people live in the country and collects information about them.
- C It measures how tall everyone in the country is.
- D It finds out which games people like to play the most.

### 3 The census is taken once every...

- A year.
- B five years.
- C decade.
- D century.

### 4 What information can you find in the census?

- A Name, address, number of rooms in the house and who lives in each room.
- B Name, address and whether a house has central heating.
- C Name, address, occupation, age, marital status, head of the household and place of birth.
- D Name, occupation, age and whether the house has double-glazing.

### 5 How was the information for the census collected in 1851?

- A The census collector filled in a form for the household.
- B The household filled out an online form.
- C The household filled a form. The enumerator collected and recorded the information.
- D The household filled in a form and sent it back in the post.

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### 6 Why did some women boycott the 1911 census?

- A They wanted to remain anonymous.
- B They were against the government's policies.
- C They were demanding better working conditions.
- D They were fighting for the right to vote.

### 7 What made the 1921 census different?

- A It was the first census to include questions about people's hobbies.
- B It was the first census to ask about the number of children in each family.
- C It was the first census to include information about people's place of work and employers.
- D It was the first census to be conducted online.

### 8 Why are past censuses sometimes difficult to use?

- A The enumerator's writing was unclear or the information wrong.
- B Some suffragettes refused to fill in the census as a protest in 1911, so information is missing.
- C In 1931, census information was destroyed in a fire.
- D All of the above.

### 9 Which organisation protects the personal information contained in censuses?

- A The National Archives.
- B The Data Protection Agency.
- C The Office for National Statistics.
- D The Information Commissioner's Office.

### 10 How can some sources help you learn about the history of your local area?

*Write the answer in your book or on the back of this sheet.*